



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride	
Other means of identification		
Catalog number	1526007	
CAS number	63-92-3	
Synonyms	Dibenzylamine hydrochloride	
Chemical name	Benzenemethanamine, N-(2-chloroethyl)-N-(1-methyl-2-phenoxyethyl)-, hydrochloride	
Recommended use	For analytical laboratory use only.	
Recommended restrictions	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	U. S. Pharmacopeia	
Address	12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 United States	
Telephone	Technical Services	301-816-8129
Website	www.usp.org	
E-mail	RSTECH@usp.org	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300
	CHEMTREC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1 (cardiovascular system)
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs (cardiovascular system).
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response	IF exposed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	Pharmacologically active material.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride	Dibenzylamine hydrochloride	63-92-3	100

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Get medical attention immediately. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Ingestion	If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Corrosive effects. Cardiovascular effects. Central nervous system effects. Pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure may cause physiological effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Treatment of alpha-adrenergic blocker overdose may include the following: Induced vomiting is NOT recommended. Administer activated charcoal as a slurry. Perform gastric lavage soon after ingestion (within one hour). Protect airway by placement in Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position or by endotracheal intubation. Control any seizures first. For seizures, administer intravenous diazepam or lorazepam. If seizures recur, consider phenobarbital. Monitor for hypotension, dysrhythmias, respiratory depression, and need for endotracheal intubation. Evaluate for hypoglycemia, electrolyte disturbances, and hypoxia. For circulatory failure, treat by placing patient in supine position and elevating legs. For shock, treat as necessary. Volume expanders may be used, followed by cautious administration of an intravenous vasopressor if needed. For hypotension, infuse isotonic fluid. If hypotension persists, administer norepinephrine. Epinephrine should not be used due to the risk of further hypotension. Priapism is a surgical emergency. Dialysis is unlikely to be of benefit. Monitor fluid and electrolyte status.
General information	Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Wear suitable protective equipment.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling As a general rule, when handling USP materials, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of material potency and exposure potential.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in tight container. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Exposure limit values

Industrial Use Material	Type	Value
Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3)	TWA	0.06 mg/m3

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls For laboratory operations, use local exhaust ventilation or a ventilated enclosure for high energy operations such as particle sizing. Control exposures to below the occupational exposure level (if available). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of exposure potential. Cover all containers for solutions and slurries while being transferred.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields, chemical splash goggles, or full face shield, if necessary. Base the choice of protection on the job activity and potential for contact with eyes or face. An emergency eye wash station should be available.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.

Other Train employees in proper gowning and degowning practices. Wear lab coat. Base the choice of skin protection on the job activity, potential for skin contact and solvents and reagents in use. Do not wear protective garments in common areas (e.g., cafeterias) or out-of-doors.

Respiratory protection Respirators are generally not required for laboratory operations. Use a tight-fitting full-face respirator with HEPA filters for spill cleanup. Choose respiratory protection appropriate to the task and the level of existing engineering controls.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Handling practices in this SDS are recommendations for laboratory use of USP materials.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Appearance descriptions are general information and not specific to any USP lot.

Physical state Solid.

Form Powder.

Color White. Off-white.

Odor Odorless. Almost odorless.

Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	276.8 - 285.8 °F (136 - 141 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	< 0.0000001 kPa (77 °F (25 °C))
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Very sparingly soluble.
Solubility (other)	Chloroform: Soluble. Ethanol: Soluble. Ether: Insoluble. Propylene glycol: Soluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	3.12 = Log Kow
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Chemical family	Ethanolamine derivative.
Molecular formula	C18H22ClNO.ClH
Molecular weight	340.29 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Peroxides. Phenols.
Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. NOx, Cl-.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Based on information from therapeutic use, this material may cause: Cardiovascular effects. Central nervous system effects.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Alpha-adrenergic blockers: Changes in blood pressure, heart rhythm, or heart rate. Dizziness. Nausea. Headache.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Product	Species	Test Results
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Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3)

Acute

Oral

LD50	Mouse	900 mg/kg
	Rat	2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Local effects

Eye irritancy
Result: Corrosive effects.
Species: Rabbit
Skin irritancy
Result: Corrosive effects.
Species: Rabbit

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Knowledge about sensitization hazard is incomplete.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin sensitization test
Result: Severe skin sensitization.
Species: Guinea pig

Germ cell mutagenicity Knowledge about mutagenicity is incomplete.

Mutagenicity

Ames test
Result: Positive.
Mouse lymphoma assay
Result: Positive.
Mouse micronucleus test
Result: Negative.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.
There have been reports of carcinoma in patients given long-term treatment with this material.

0 - 25 mg/kg/day Carcinogenicity study, administered intraperitoneally 3 times per week.
Result: Peritoneal sarcomas.
Species: Mouse
Test Duration: 50 weeks
Carcinogenicity study, administered orally
Result: Malignant tumors of the gastrointestinal tract.
Species: Rat

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.
Phenoxybenzamine has been used in human pregnancies with coexisting pheochromocytomas; adverse reproductive effects were not noted. One study suggested that placental transfer of phenoxybenzamine may cause respiratory depression and low blood pressure in newborns.

Reproductivity

10 mg/kg/day Reproductivity study, administered orally during gestation.
Result: No decrease in implantation rate.
Species: Rat

Reproductivity

20 mg/kg/day Reproductivity study, administered intraperitoneally during gestation.

Result: No decrease in implantation rate.

Species: Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Causes damage to organs (cardiovascular system).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information Pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure may cause physiological effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this substance.

Bioaccumulative potential

Octanol/water partition coefficient log Kow

3.12, = Log Kow

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN3261
UN proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 8
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II

IATA

UN number UN3261
UN proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 8
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

DOT



IATA



General information

It is the shipper's responsibility to determine the correct transport classification at the time of shipment.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

Classified hazard categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3) Listed: April 1, 1988

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Phenoxybenzamine Hydrochloride (CAS 63-92-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-27-2006

Revision date 03-19-2021

Version # 05

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